

Carlson, Kathleen

- I01 CX001135 – Carlson (PI) 10/16-09/18 4.8 cal. VA
VA and DoD CENC \$652,672 (total)
Longitudinal Effects of Mild TBI and Other Military Exposures on Auditory Functioning in Recently-Discharged Veterans and Active Duty Service Members – CENC Study 1
The project supports a Portland site of an ongoing longitudinal epidemiology study of the long-term sequelae of mild traumatic brain injury (mTBI) among recent combat Veterans. The aims of this project are to (1) Establish a large longitudinal mTBI exposed vs. unexposed cohort of OEF/OIF/OND era Veterans and Service Members to comprehensively evaluate for the late effects of combat-related mTBI including evidence of neurodegeneration; (2) Determine whether the mTBI exposed group differs from the non-TBI control group and the effects of single versus multiple mTBIs either on baseline post-acute outcomes or longitudinally across time. (3) Identify subgroups with different levels or patterns of decline over time inferring neurodegeneration. (4) Identify biologic variables associated with Aim 3 patterns to provide converging evidence for neurodegeneration.
Role: Principal Investigator
- 1R21MH112201 – Carlson (PI) 08/16-07/18 3.0 cal. OHSU
NIH/NIMH \$275,000 (total)
Assessing Veterans' Risk of Firearm Injury: An Interagency Database Linkage
This grant will serve as a demonstration project for a probabilistic linkage of multiple databases managed by VA and various entities within the State of Oregon. Data will be used to examine the epidemiology of firearm-related injuries among post-deployment Veterans. The aims of this project are to (1) Develop a model system for linking, sharing, and negotiating joint ownership of key databases; and (2) Use this linked database to estimate rates and identify potential risk factors for firearm injuries among recent combat veterans in Oregon.
Role: Principal Investigator
- I21 RX002216-01 – Carlson (PI) 04/16-03/18 3.0 cal. VA
DVA RR&D SPIRE \$199,994 (total)
Chronic Tinnitus among Veterans with and without TBI: Service Needs and Interests
The goal of this 2-year study is to examine the prevalence of bothersome tinnitus among Veterans with and without TBI and assess their interests in an evidence-based tinnitus management program. The aims of this project are to: 1) Identify the proportion of Veterans with tinnitus in need of clinical services; 2) Examine Veterans' interests in and perceptions of PTM (clinic- versus telephone-based); and 3) Evaluate differences in Veterans' needs and interests by TBI history.
Role: Principal Investigator
- IIR 15-091 – Carlson (PI) 03/16-02/19 4.8 cal. VA
VA HSR&D \$824,573 (current)
Use of a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Evaluate Concurrent VA and non-VA Opioid Prescriptions
The overarching focus of this mixed-methods study is on understanding and ameliorating Veterans' risk of medication-related adverse events by maximizing state prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) use within the VA. The aims of this project are to (1) Examine the frequency and patterns of dual use of opioid and benzodiazepine prescribers among the entire population of OEF/OIF/OND Veterans in Oregon; (2) Identify rates of, and risk factors for, all (VA- and non-VA-treated; fatal and nonfatal) opioid/benzodiazepine-related adverse events; and (3) Describe barriers and facilitators of state PDMP use among VA opioid prescribers.
Role: Principal Investigator
- PR121146 – Henry (PI) 10/13-03/29/17 1.2 cal. OHSU
DOD CDMRP \$941,622 (total)
The Effect of Military Noise Exposure on Tinnitus and its Outcomes in Recently Discharged Veterans Seeking VA Health Care

The purpose of this study is to gather information from Veterans within about 2.5 years of leaving military service about their noise exposure, tinnitus, hearing loss, and other health concerns. A long term goal of this study is to have these Veterans participate year after year in order to establish how their exposure to noise in the military affects them over time. Veterans will have their hearing tested (every 5 years), answer questions about their tinnitus and overall health (annually), and answer questions about how their health problems are affecting their life (annually).

Role: Co-Investigator

BAA11097008 – Hammer (PI) 02/13-01/18 1.8 cal. OHSU
DOD/ PH/TBI-IIRA \$4,978,154 (total)

Development and Evaluation of Veteran Supportive Supervisor Training (VSST): Reintegration of the Oregon National Guard and Reserves into the Workplace

This randomized controlled trial will examine the efficacy of a supervisor training program to support the reintegration of newly discharged Veterans into the workplace. The aims of this project are to (1) Examine the effects of the VSST program on work, health, and family outcomes such as lower turnover intentions, improved health, and reduced marital discord among Veterans in the intervention group compared to the control group.

Role: Co-Investigator/Site Principal Investigator

Cottrell, Erika

HSH250201400001C, HRSA – McBurnie (PI) 04/14-05/17 3.6 cal.

Building Data Infrastructure in the Safety Net to Conduct Patient-Centered Outcomes Research (CHARN II)

The goal of this study is to bring together Electronic Health Record data from 4 community health center (CHC) systems and to facilitate the conduct of Patient-Centered Outcomes Research in safety-net populations.

Role: OCHIN site-PI

1R18DK105463-01A, NIDDK – Gold (PI) 09/15-08/2017 2.4 cal.

Assess Social Determinants using EHRs in Safety Net Clinics: Diabetes Outcomes (ASSESS & DO)

Role: OCHIN site-PI

R01HS022651-01A1, AHRQ – DeVoe (PI) 07/15-06/19 1.2 cal.

Evaluating Community Health Centers' Adoption of a New Global Capitation Payment (eCHANGE)

This study will evaluate the outcomes of the eight Oregon Community Health Centers who participated in an Alternative Payment Methodology demonstration project in which all their Medicaid revenue was paid through a prospective, capitated per-member per-month rate.

Role: OCHIN site-PI

PCORI – Sears (PI) 09/16-08/20 2.4 cal.

The Impact of Patient Complexity on Healthcare Utilization

Role: Co-I

Denneson, Lauren

IIR 13-347 – Dobscha (PI) 04/14-09/17 10.8 cal.

VA HSR&D \$137,914

Optimizing Benefits and Reducing Negative Effects of Mental Health Open Notes

The goals of this project are to examine benefits and unintended negative consequences of open notes use as perceived by Veterans receiving VA mental health care and by VA mental health clinicians, and develop and evaluate brief web-based training modules designed to help Veterans and clinicians use open notes in ways that optimize Veteran-clinician collaboration and minimize unintended consequences.

Role: Co-Investigator

1R21MH112201-01A1 – Carlson (PI) 08/16-07/18 1.2 cal.
NIMH \$229,477

Interagency Data Base Linkage: Precursors of Firearm Injuries and Suicide

The goals of this study are to 1) Develop a model system for linking, sharing, and negotiating joint ownership of key federal and state databases, and 2) Estimate rates and identify risk factors for all firearm injuries (fatal and nonfatal; violent and unintentional) among recent combat veterans in Oregon.

Role: Co-Investigator

PRG-0-027-15 – Denneson (PI) 10/16-09/17 2.4 cal.
American Foundation for Suicide Prevention \$28,000 (total funds)

Health Coaching to Enhance Psychological Well-Being among Veterans

This pilot project 1) examines the feasibility and acceptability of health coaching among veterans with suicidal ideation, and 2) examines the effect of health coaching on suicidal ideation severity and psychological well-being.

Role: Principal Investigator

DoD W81XWH-16-1-0630 – Denneson (PI) 09/16-9/17 3.6 cal. OHSU
USAMRC \$129,189

Health Coaching to Optimize Well-Being among Returning Veterans with Suicide Risk

We aim to examine the feasibility and acceptability of Whole Health Coaching as a selective upstream suicide prevention approach for returning Veterans with one or more diagnoses associated with suicide risk, but do not have suicidal ideation.

Technical objectives

1. Will returning veterans with suicide risk factors want to engage and remain engaged with a health coach?
2. Will returning veterans with suicide risk factors find health coaching acceptable?
3. Can health coaching be delivered successfully (i.e., with high fidelity to the coaching program) to returning veterans with suicide risk factors?
4. What modifications would optimize the health coaching program for this population?

Role: Principal Investigator

Dobscha, Steven

VA HSR&D Center of Innovation – Dobscha (PI) 10/13-09/18 2.4 cal.
VA HSR&D \$2,800,000 (total)

Center to Improve Veteran Involvement in Care (CIVIC)

The mission of CIVIC is to conduct research that empowers Veterans to improve their health by enhancing active participation of Veterans and their supports in healthcare, with a particular focus on patients who have psychological challenges or other vulnerabilities that may impact self-management and recovery.

Role: Principal Investigator & Director

IIR 13-347 – Dobscha (PI) 04/14-09/17 1.2 cal.
VA HSR&D \$139,003 (current year)

Optimizing Benefits and Reducing Negative Effects of Mental Health Open Notes

Primary goals are to examine benefits and unintended negative consequences of electronic open note use as perceived by VA patients and clinicians, and to develop and evaluate prototype training modules designed to help Veterans and clinicians use open notes in ways that optimize Veteran-clinician collaboration.

Role: Principal Investigator

CRE 12-012 – Kerns (PI) 6/13-05/17 0.6 cal.

VA HSR&D \$312,682 (current year)
Musculoskeletal Disease Cohort: Examining Pain and Pain Care in VA
The objective of this study is to evaluate Veterans with Musculoskeletal Disease in VA care.
Role: Co-Investigator

IIR 14-020 – Morasco (PI) 10/15-09/19 1.2 cal.
VA HSR&D \$1,095,343 (total)
A Patient-Centered Intervention to Improve Opioid Safety
This randomized controlled trial will compare outcomes from two different interventions designed to reduce prescription opioid abuse and improve safety for patients prescribed opioid medications.
Role: Co-Investigator

PRG-0-027-15 – Denneson (PI) 10/16-09/17 0.6 cal.
American Foundation for Suicide Prevention \$28,000 (total)
Health coaching to enhance psychological well-being among veterans
This pilot project 1) examines the feasibility and acceptability of health coaching among veterans with suicidal ideation, and 2) examines the effect of health coaching on suicidal ideation severity and psychological well-being.
Role: Co-Investigator

R01DA034083 – Morasco (PI) 04/13-03/18 0.24 cal. OHSU
NIDA \$428,266 (current year)
Correlates and Outcomes of Opioid Dose Escalation among Chronic Pain Patients
The main objective of this study is to examine factors associated with opioid dose increases, long-term benefits and harms (including opioid misuse) associated with increases in opioid dose, and clinical factors that predict which patients will benefit from dose increases.
Role: Co-Investigator

DoD W81XWH-16-1-0630 – Denneson (PI) 9/15/16-9/14/17 0.6 cal. OHSU
USAMR \$129,189
Health Coaching to Optimize Well-Being among Returning Veterans with Suicide Risk
We aim to examine the feasibility and acceptability of Whole Health Coaching as a selective upstream suicide prevention approach for returning Veterans with one or more diagnoses associated with suicide risk.
Role: Co-Investigator

Edwards, Samuel

PEC 15-247 – Tuepker (PI) 4/15-3/17 1.2 cal.
VA QUERI/OAA \$668,743
Action Oriented Evaluation of Interprofessional Learning Efforts in the COEPCE and IAPACT Environments
This project established a Partnered Evaluation Center with the goal of evaluating the development, dissemination and adoption of tools to promote interprofessional training and learning throughout VA primary care, looking at impacts on the organization of care delivery, patient outcomes, and employee/trainee experience.
Role: Co-Investigator

1R01HS023940-01 – Cohen (PI) 5/15-4/19 2.4 cal.
AHRQ \$14,000,000 (total)
Evaluating system change to advance learning and take evidence to scale (ESCALATES)
AHRQ recently funded 7 regional collaboratives to develop interventions focused on increasing the use of evidence based guidelines for heart health (aspirin, blood pressure, cholesterol and smoking cessation) in ~1500 small to medium sized primary care practices nationwide. In ESCALATES we are evaluating the collaboratives' efforts, to determine the most effective strategies to disseminate and implement evidence based practice in primary care.

Role: Co-Investigator

Forrest, Graeme

CRE 12-307 – Morgan (PI) 10/14 - 9/18 0.6 cal.
HSR&D CREATE \$26,000
Comparative Safety and Effectiveness of Isolation in VHA Community Living Centers
Evaluation of patient isolation as a method to control healthcare acquired infections within VA community living centers.
Role: Co-Investigator

CRE 12-289 – Reisinger (PI) 10/13 - 9/17 1.2 cal.
HSR&D CREATE \$23,600 (total)
Building an Optimal Hand Hygiene Bundle: A Mixed Methods Approach
Study measuring the effectiveness of a hand hygiene bundle.
Role: Site PI/Co-Investigator

CRE 12-291 – Perencevich (PI) 10/13 - 9/17 1.2 cal.
HSR&D CREATE \$25,700 (total)
Checklist to Prevent MRSA Surgical Site Infections
Quality improvement study aiming to reduce MRSA surgical site infections among VA patients
Role: Site PI/Co-Investigator

R01. Grant #: 1R01HS022706-01A1 – McGregor (PI) 9/14-9/17 0.12 cal.
AHRQ \$1500
Improving empiric therapy in ambulatory care.
Role: Consultant

Ganzini, Linda

CIN 13-404 – Dobscha (PI) 10/13-09/18 6.0 cal.
VA HSR&D \$2,800,000 (total)
HSRD Center to Improve Veteran Involvement in Care (CIVIC)
To conduct research that empowers Veterans to improve their health by enhancing active participation of Veterans and their supports in healthcare, with a particular focus on patients who have psychological challenges or other vulnerabilities that may impact self-management and recovery.
Role: Associate Director

5KL2TR000152-08 – Sullivan (PI) 07/14-06/17 0.3 cal.
NIH/NCATS \$300,000
The Impact of Specialist Palliative Care Utilization on Mortality and Other Outcomes Among Lung Cancer Patients within the Veterans Affairs Health Network
The purpose of this study is to examine the outcomes associated with palliative care utilization among lung cancer patients in the VA.
Role: Co-Investigator (Primary Mentor)

Kansagara, Devan

ESP 09-199 – Kansagara (PI) 08/09-09/17 4.2 cal.
AHRQ \$225,000
Evidence-based Synthesis Program, Portland VA
Role: Principal Investigator

PEC 15-247 – Tuepker (PI) 04/15-03/17 1.2 cal.
VA OAA/QUERI \$668,743 (total)
Action Oriented Evaluation of Interprofessional Learning Efforts in the COEPCE and IAPACT Environments
This project is evaluating the development, dissemination and adoption of tools to promote interprofessional training and learning throughout the VA, looking at impacts on the organization of care delivery, patient outcomes, and employee/trainee experience.
Role: Co-Investigator

Lovejoy, Travis

IK2 HX001516-01A1 – Lovejoy (PI) 11/14-10/19 9.0 cal.
VA HSR&D \$567,065 (total direct costs)
Chronic Pain Management in Veterans with Co-occurring Substance Use Disorders
The goal of this VA HSR&D career development award is to characterize pain treatment utilization in veterans with co-occurring substance use disorders and develop and test the preliminary effectiveness of a collaborative pain intervention for veterans with chronic pain receiving specialty treatment for alcohol and drug use disorders.
Role: Principal Investigator

R01 AG053081-01 – Lovejoy (PI) 01/16-12/19 4.8 cal.
NIH \$2,138,007 (total direct + indirect costs)
Reducing HIV risk behavior in depressed and non-depressed older adults with HIV
This randomized controlled trial tests the efficacy of telephone-administered motivational interventional and behavioral skills training to reduce HIV sexual transmission risk behavior in HIV-positive older adults with and without depression.
Role: Principal Investigator

Morasco, Benjamin J.

1I01HX001583 – Morasco (PI) 10/15-09/19 3.3 cal. VA
VA HSR&D \$273,835
A Patient-Centered Intervention to Improve Opioid Safety
To evaluate the efficacy of a primary care-based collaborative care intervention designed to reduce prescription opioid abuse and medication-related adverse effects.
Role: Principal Investigator

CDA-13-268 – Lovejoy (PI) 10/14-09/19 0.6 cal. VA
VA HSR&D \$273,835
Chronic Pain Management in Veterans with Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorders
This is a career development award for Dr. Travis Lovejoy to develop research and clinical expertise in chronic pain treatment for patients with comorbid substance use disorders.
Role: Co-Mentor

1I01HX001891 – Carlson (PI) 03/16-02/19 1.2 cal. VA
VA HSR&D \$720,509
Use of a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Evaluate Concurrent VA and non-VA Opioid Prescriptions

To characterize patterns of opioid prescriptions and adverse events among veterans, and to identify barriers to use of state prescription drug monitoring databases.

Role: Co-Investigator

PCORI – Krebs (PI) 11/16-10/21 1.2 cal. OHSU
Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI) \$53,659

Subcontract from University of Minnesota

Comparative effectiveness of patient-centered strategies to improve pain management and opioid safety for veterans

This pragmatic clinical trial will compare two strategies to improve pain and reduce opioid use.

Role: Site-PI/Co-Investigator

1R01DA034083– Morasco (PI) 04/13-03/18 4.8 cal. OHSU
NIH – National Institute on Drug Abuse \$542,081

Correlates and Outcomes of Opioid Dose Escalation among Chronic Pain Patients

This is a multi-site prospective cohort study examining patients who are receiving a stable dose of chronic opioid therapy for the treatment of chronic pain. We will examine factors that predict which patients will receive an increase in opioid dose and evaluate clinical outcomes associated with opioid dose escalation.

Role: Principal Investigator

Ono, Sarah

IIR 14-399 – True (PI) 04/16-03/19 3 cal.
VA HSR&D \$968,268

Communicating the Impact of mTBI on Post-Deployment Reintegration using Photovoice

This project will use community-engaged photovoice methods to: 1) identify and describe community reintegration experiences and needs of Veterans and their families; and 2) empower Veterans and family caregivers affected by TBI to communicate their unmet needs, goals of care, and treatment preferences to key VA and community stakeholders (e.g., clinicians, program managers, administrative leadership, policymakers, and community service organizations). The study will build VHA's organizational capacity for engaging OEF/OIF/OND Veterans and family caregivers in health services research and dissemination of findings.

Role: Site-PI / Co-Investigator

128737-RSG-15-155-01-CPPB – Slatore (PI) 01/16-12/19 1.2 cal.
American Cancer Society \$785,000

Lung Cancer Screening Implementation: Evaluation of Patient-Centered Care

This project will evaluate patient-centered outcomes and communication practices for Veterans and clinicians engaged in lung cancer screening.

Role: Co-Investigator

CIN 13-404 – Dobscha (PI) 10/13-09/18 6 cal.
VA HSR&D \$2,800,000

Center to Improve Veteran Involvement in Care (CIVIC)

To conduct research that empowers Veterans to improve their health by enhancing active participation of Veterans and their supports in healthcare, with a particular focus on patients who have psychological challenges or other vulnerabilities that may impact self-management and recovery.

Role: Core Investigator

1R01HS023940-01 – Cohen (PI) 05/15-04/19 3 cal.
AHRQ, PCORI \$14,000,000

Evaluating System Change to Advance Learning and Take Evidence to Scale

This study will evaluate the R18s funded by AHRQ through RFA-HS-14-008. In this study, we will engage R18 grantees in the overall evaluation by harmonizing measures and working together on data collection and analysis, identify the practice, organization and contextual factors among the combined 2000 practices that are associated with higher and

lower levels of deliver of ABCS at baseline (prior to any intervention), identify which intervention strategies implemented by R18 grantees are most effective at improving delivery of ABCS services and practice quality improvement capacity over time and in relation to practice, organization and contextual factors, and identify why some strategies are more effective.

Role: Co-Investigator, Qualitative Co-Lead

1603 – Teo (PI) 03/16-02/17 2 cal.

Medical Research Foundation of Oregon \$40,000

Using Social Media to Engage At-Risk Veterans in Mental Health Treatment

This pilot study will provide timely and novel information on the feasibility and appropriateness of Facebook or other social media to identify, engage, and support Veterans to improve their mental health.

Role: Co-Investigator

W81XWH-16-1-0630 – Denneson (PI) 09/16-09/17 2 cal.

Department of Defense \$163,000

Health Coaching to Optimize Well-Being among Returning Veterans with Suicide Risk

This study examines the feasibility and acceptability of Whole Health Coaching as a selective upstream suicide prevention approach for returning Veterans with one or more diagnoses associated with suicide risk, but have not experienced suicidal ideation.

Role: Qualitative Consultant

CDA-8443 – Teo (PI) 07/15-06/20 In Kinda

VA HSR&D \$767,321

Optimizing Veterans' Social Relationships to Enhance Depression Care

This Career Development Award (CDA) provides time for mentored training and research in the topics of social support and depression, with the goal of assessing and optimizing the role of social relationships in the treatment of depression in the Veteran population. Effort is intended to be divided between this research award and other research projects in development of Dr. Teo's independent research program.

Role: Qualitative Consultant

Pfeiffer, Christopher

BAA 2016-N-17812 – Pfeiffer (PI) 09/16-08/17 1.2 cal.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) \$486,104 (year)

Preventing Spread of CRE among Veterans through an Automated Tracking System

Major goal: Evaluate a multi-center, modified stepped implementation of a CRE / MRSA tracking system over an initial one year timeframe with respect to information timeliness and system use.

Role: Principal Investigator

CRE 12-307 – Morgan (PI) 10/14-09/18 1.2 cal.

HSR&D CREATE \$52,000 (year)

Comparative Safety and Effectiveness of Isolation in VHA Community Living Centers

Major goal: Evaluation of patient isolation as a method to control healthcare acquired infections within VA community living centers.

Role:

CRE 12-291 – Perencevich (PI) 10/13-09/17 0.6 cal.

HSR&D CREATE \$12,850 (year)

Checklist to Prevent MRSA Surgical Site Infections

Major goal: quality improvement study aiming to reduce MRSA surgical site infections among VA patients.

Role:

280702 – Thomas (PI) 09/14-08/17 1.2 cal.
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity (ELC), OHA \$20,000 (year)
CDC Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity Program. Regional Multidrug-Resistant Organism Prevention and Detection; Drug-Resistant Organism Prevention and Coordinated Regional Epidemiology (DRO-PCRE) Network.
Major goal: prevent and control the spread of multidrug-resistant organisms (MDROs) and specifically carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) in Oregon.

Role:

Saha, Somnath

IIR 14-007-3 – Saha (PI) 09/16-08/20 4.8 cal.
VA HSR&D \$184,229 (year)
Opening the Black Box of Cultural Competence
The goal of this project is to understand differences in the way providers with high vs. low levels of “cultural competence” interact with patients, through direct observation of patient-provider communication and interviews with patients.

Role: Principal Investigator

IIR 11-328-2 – Burgess (PI) 06/13-05/17 1.2 cal.
VA HSR&D \$220,168 (year)
Motivating Providers to Reduce Racial Disparities in their Own Practice
The major goals of this project are to develop and test communication strategies aimed at increasing (1) providers’ readiness to take action to reduce racial disparities and (2) the likelihood that providers will participate in disparities-reduction training.

Role: Co-Investigator

1R01DA037601-01 – Beach (PI) 04/14-03/19 1.2 cal.
NIH/NIDA \$698,513 (year)
Maximizing Respect and Improving Outcomes in HIV and Substance Abuse (MaRIPPOHSA)
The major goal of this study is to create a repository of audio-recorded patient-provider encounters that will be used to measure communication and its impact on patients with HIV and substance use disorders.

Role: Co-Investigator

IIR 14-020 – Morasco (PI) 10/15-09/19 0.6 cal.
VA HSR&D \$269,866 (year)
A Patient-Centered Intervention to Improve Opioid Safety
This is a randomized controlled trial to evaluate the efficacy of a primary care-based intervention designed to reduce prescription opioid abuse and medication-related adverse effects.

Role: Co-Investigator

IIR 15-091 – Carlson (PI) 04/16-03/19 1.2 cal.
VA HSR&D \$269,866 (year)
Use of a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Evaluate Concurrent VA and non-VA Opioid Prescriptions
The goal of this study is to examine dual use among OEF/OIF/OND Veterans of VA and non-VA opioid prescribers; adverse outcomes of dual use; and potential barriers and facilitators to PDMP use among VA clinicians who prescribe opioids.

Role: Co-Investigator

1R01MD011212 – McConnell (PI) 08/16-04/20 1.2 cal.
NIH/MIMHD \$413,846
Use of a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Evaluate Concurrent VA and non-VA Opioid Prescriptions

The goal of this study is to examine dual use among OEF/OIF/OND Veterans of VA and non-VA opioid prescribers; adverse outcomes of dual use; and potential barriers and facilitators to PDMP use among VA clinicians who prescribe opioids.

Role: Co-Investigator

Slatore, Christopher

128737-RSG-15-155-01-CPPB – Slatore (PI) 01/16-12/19 2.5 cal.
American Cancer Society \$785,000

Lung Cancer Screening Implementation: Evaluation of Patient-Centered Care

The goal of this study is to evaluate patient-centered outcomes among Veterans considering and undergoing lung cancer screening.

Role: Principal Investigator

CSR D EPID-007-15S & HSR D IIR 16-003 – Slatore (PI) 01/16-12/18 3.0 cal.
Department of Veterans Affairs CSR D & HSR D \$440,000

Lung Cancer Screening Implementation: Building Blocks for Effective Implementation & Partnership

The goal of this study is to develop a validate model of lung cancer risk among patients with pulmonary nodules and a model to identify these patients in administrative databases.

Role: Principal Investigator

NIH/NCI K07CA190706 – Sullivan (PI) 09/15-08/20 0.5 cal.
National Institutes of Health \$825,000

The Impact of Specialist Palliative Care Utilization on Mortality and Other Outcomes Among Lung Cancer Patients within the Veterans Affairs Health Network

The goal of this project is to determine the association between palliative care utilization and patient outcomes and the quality of cancer care using the national Veterans Affairs (VA) healthcare system in mixed-methods approach

Role: Co-Investigator

PCS-1403-12653 – Gould (PI) 06/15-05/19 1.0 cal.
PCORI \$14,458,936 (Site: \$90,000/yr)

Pragmatic Trial of More versus Less Intensive Strategies for Active Surveillance of Patients with Small Pulmonary Nodules

The goal of this study is to compare two protocols for CT surveillance, both of which are supported by existing guidelines from professional societies and are consistent with current standards of care.

Role: Site-PI

IIR 15-091 – Carlson (PI) 03/16 – 02/19 0.5 cal.
VA HSR&D \$824,573 (year)

Use of a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Evaluate Concurrent VA and non-VA Opioid Prescriptions

This study will evaluate the epidemiology of opioid, benzodiazepine, and other controlled prescription medication dual use and all opioid-related adverse events among the entire population of Iraq and Afghanistan War Veterans in Oregon, while simultaneously assessing barriers to PDMP use among VA clinicians

Role: Co-Investigator

1R01CA203193-01 – Wisnivesky (PI) 04/16-03/21 1.0 cal.
National Cancer Institute \$560,000 (site)

Comparative effectiveness of limited resection vs. SBRT

The goal of this study is to evaluate the association of common treatments for early stage lung cancer with short and medium-term health-related quality of life.

Role: Site-PI & Co-Investigator

CSP #2005– Moghanaki (PI) 12/15-11/26 0.5 cal.

VA Cooperative Studies Program \$25,166,029
Phase III Multi-Institutional Randomized Clinical Trial of Surgery versus Stereotactic Radiotherapy for Early Stage Lung Cancer [Veterans Affairs Lung cancer Operation versus stereotactic Radiotherapy trial "VALOR"]
The goal of this randomized trial is to determine the risks and benefits of surgery vs. stereotactic body radiotherapy (SBRT) for patients with early stage lung cancer.
Role: Co-Investigator

Teo, Alan

CDA 14-428 – Teo (PI) 07/15-06/20 9.0 cal.
VA HSR&D \$767,321
Optimizing Veterans Social Relationships to Enhance Depression Care
The primary objective of this Career Development Award is to inform development of an intervention for primary care patients with major depression that harnesses the positive influences of close relationships on Veterans' depression care.
Role: Principal Investigator

New Investigator Grant 1603 – Teo (PI) 03/16-02/17 1.5 cal.
Medical Research Foundation of Oregon \$40,000
The primary objective of this study is to determine the feasibility of using Facebook for identifying military veterans at risk for psychiatric problems, then determine the appropriateness of multiple social media platforms for engaging, supporting, and assisting these at-risk veterans.
Role: Principal Investigator

Tuepker, Anais

PEC 15-247 – Tuepker (PI) 04/15-03/17 6.8 cal.
VA OAA/QUERI \$668,743
Action Oriented Evaluation of Interprofessional Learning Efforts in the COEPCE and IAPACT Environments
This project is evaluating the development, dissemination and adoption of tools to promote interprofessional training and learning throughout the VA, looking at impacts on the organization of care delivery, patient outcomes, and employee/trainee experience.
Role: Principal Investigator

IIR 15-142 – Dichter (PI) 10/15-09/17 4.0 cal.
VA HSR&D \$985,630 (total)
Intimate Partner Violence: Patient Characteristics, Service Use, and Experiences
This project will conduct research on the impact of a pilot program designed to enhance services to female Veterans screening positive for intimate partner violence.
Role: Site-PI

IIR 13-347 – Dobscha (PI) 04/14-09/17 1.2 cal.
VA HSR&D \$302,711
Optimizing Benefits and Reducing Negative Effects of Mental Health Open Notes
Primary goals are to examine benefits and unintended negative consequences of electronic open note use as perceived by VA patients and clinicians, and to develop and evaluate prototype training modules designed to help Veterans and clinicians use open notes in ways that optimize Veteran-clinician collaboration.
Role: Co-Investigator